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- 223.52 What transactions with affiliates or others must comply with section 23B's market terms requirement?
- 223.53 What asset purchases are prohibited by section 23B?
- 223.54 What advertisements and statements are prohibited by section 23B?
- 223.55 What are the standards under which the Board may grant exemptions from the requirements of section 23B?

Subpart G—Application of Sections 23A and 23B to U.S. Branches and Agencies of Foreign Banks

223.61 How do sections 23A and 23B apply to U.S. branches and agencies of foreign banks?

Subpart H—Miscellaneous Interpretations

223.71 How do sections 23A and 23B apply to transactions in which a member bank purchases from one affiliate an asset relating to another affiliate?

AUTHORITY: 12 U.S.C. 371c(b)(1)(E), (b)(2)(A), and (f), 371c-1(e), 1828(j), and 1468(a).

Source: 67 FR 76604, Dec. 12, 2002, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—Introduction and Definitions

§ 223.1 Authority, purpose, and scope.

- (a) Authority. The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (Board) has issued this part (Regulation W) under the authority of sections 23A(f) and 23B(e) of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 371c(f), 371c-1(e)).
- (b) Purpose. Sections 23A and 23B of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 371c, 371c–1) establish certain quantitative limits and other prudential requirements for loans, purchases of assets, and certain other transactions between a member bank and its affiliates. This regulation implements sections 23A and 23B by defining terms used in the statute, explaining the statute's requirements, and exempting certain transactions.
- (c) Scope. Sections 23A and 23B and this regulation apply by their terms to "member banks"—that is, any national bank, State bank, trust company, or other institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System. In addition, the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1828(j)) applies sections 23A and 23B to insured State non-

member banks in the same manner and to the same extent as if they were member banks. The Home Owners' Loan Act (12 U.S.C. 1468(a)) also applies sections 23A and 23B to insured savings associations in the same manner and to the same extent as if they were member banks (and imposes two additional restrictions).

§ 223.2 What is an "affiliate" for purposes of sections 23A and 23B and this part?

- (a) For purposes of this part and except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, "affiliate" with respect to a member bank means:
- (1) Parent companies. Any company that controls the member bank;
- (2) Companies under common control by a parent company. Any company, including any subsidiary of the member bank, that is controlled by a company that controls the member bank;
- (3) Companies under other common control. Any company, including any subsidiary of the member bank, that is controlled, directly or indirectly, by trust or otherwise, by or for the benefit of shareholders who beneficially or otherwise control, directly or indirectly, by trust or otherwise, the member bank or any company that controls the member bank;
- (4) Companies with interlocking directorates. Any company in which a majority of its directors, trustees, or general partners (or individuals exercising similar functions) constitute a majority of the persons holding any such office with the member bank or any company that controls the member bank;
- (5) Sponsored and advised companies. Any company, including a real estate investment trust, that is sponsored and advised on a contractual basis by the member bank or an affiliate of the member bank;
- (6) Investment companies. (i) Any investment company for which the member bank or any affiliate of the member bank serves as an investment adviser, as defined in section 2(a)(20) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-2(a)(20)); and
- (ii) Any other investment fund for which the member bank or any affiliate of the member bank serves as an investment advisor, if the member